BOOK NOW Lathom Heritage Weekend Sat 14th & Sun 15th September 'phone Louise Wallace 01695 585102

OST 1885 DRAWINGS O

It is amazing how more and more connections to Lathom House continue to come to light from nowhere, unearth fascinating artifacts and information and add immeasurably to the Trust's body of knowledge.

At the beginning of this year, Elizabeth Gowans, the grand-daughter of Alfred Butler who had been in charge of the Earl of Lathom's stud, came from London to visit Lathom Park to trace her family's history. She was thrilled when Louise Wallace from WLDC gave her a guided tour of the West Wing and the courtyard where her grandfather must have spent much of his working life, before he was injured by a horse. (The Earl of Lathom then retired him as the licensee of The

Ailsa Bennet<mark>t and</mark> David Dunn examine the detailed drawings

Stanley Arms, off the Buxton Road in the Peak District) She was of course delighted to see the buildings being sensitively restored and being made ready for re-use. She then went to Ormskirk Library and was excited to find a reference to her (putative!) ancestors, "Cousin Butler and I dined at the Wheatsheaf with my Lord

The Lathom Park Trust's World Premiere 'Glitterati, written and produced by author and trust member, John Knowles exceeded all expectations, receiving glowing tributes from the press and media

Press coverage doesn't just 'happen' -a double page spread in the Daily Express, a four page article in Lancashire Life, a full page story in the Daily Post, local coverage in the Champion and Advertiser and international coverage in the Noel Coward Society magazine.

Press Officer for the LPT Theatre Group, Madeleine Were, deserves a special mention and thanks for all her efforts and expertise.

Interest is such that demand for future events has been overwhelming and the Trust are considering how we may take

'Glitterati' is already lined up for performances around the country and the International Noel Coward Society is taking a very keen interest in the project.

There will be another chance to see John Knowles at the Lathom Heritage Weekend in September when he will be presenting an update on all the exciting events in his own inimitable style.

BOOK EARLY-01695 585 102

Pilkingtons Conference Centre
2pm Saturday
& guided tours from
11am Sunday
Lathom Scout Hall Hall Lane, Lathom, Nr. Ormskirk

LATHOM'S ESCALATION OF ANCIENT BUILDING DISCOVERIES

Archaeologist Jamie Quartermaine

LATHOM'S GLITTERATI THEATRICAL INFLUENCES THROUGH THE AGES Author &Playwrite John Knowles

LATHOM'S SECRET GARDENS REVEALED Archaeologist Mark Fletcher & Horticultural Historian John Hayton

LATHOM OPEN HOUSE FORUM

With our panel of experts
- an amalgam of
Gardeners Question Time,
Points of View, Any Questions
and The Antiques Roadshow

SUNDAY GUIDED TOURS

See Lathom's latest archaeological discoveries.

Visit the Pilkington Gardens & the beautiful 15th century Lathom Park Chapel

Explore the renovated Lathom House West Wing. & experience the craft of the Stonemason.

Discover the secrets of Lathom's Walled Garden

DISPLAYS & REFRESHMENTS

Admission is free, however a nominal charge may be made for access to the walled garden.

Please book in advance to avoid disappointment.

ATHOM

MEMBERSHIP RENEWALS DUE



Glittering 'Glitterati' reviews



MINE OF DISCOVERIES

VERNACULAR BUILDING SURVEY PROIECT GROUP

The vernacular building survey of Lathom, undertaken as part of the Local Heritage Initiative project, has proven to be a great success. It involved the examination, at varying levels, of all the pre-twentieth century buildings within the parish of Lathom, where the owners had given permission, in order to identify the wealth of the architectural heritage in the area and also to reconstruct the history of the parish through its buildings.

The most fascinating aspect of the study is to discover the extent to which every building has developed its own unique character in terms of fabric, form and function, as the buildings have evolved to keep up with changing fashions, maintenance and the changing ways of life. The vernacular buildings group have found a rich mine of blocked doors, windows, extensions and different styles and forms of bricks enough for any buildings detective to be kept busy.

In general the buildings date from the late seventeenth century onwards, and this corresponds with the 'Great Rebuild' trend of the seventeenth century when many vernacular buildings throughout the country were rebuilt in a more durable form. The general pattern in the sectors was one of a scattered settlement pattern. This pattern changes in the northern part of the parish where it is more industrial mainly in the form of brick cottages. One of the most interesting buildings had clear evidence of successive phases of building, including a number of exten-



athom Glitterati

sions reflected in the changing fabric of stone and brick, and the exciting discovery of a blocked mullioned window (typically of seventeenth century data)

Most buildings were constructed from brick, the most common brick bond was English garden wall bond, though some examples were Flemish and these were generally displayed on the front elevations where there was a definite brick hierarchy. Most of the more substantial changes to the fabric were extensions, which often resulted in L- shaped plans which had clearly evolved over an extended period. They had a brick front

elevation, but stone side elevations suggesting possibly a brick refacing of an original stone eleva-

Out-buildings such as barns, stables and wash houses seem to have survived the greater onset of 20th century changes, and still retain much of their character. A good example was found which was by far the largest barn recorded, with a long history of alterations, with large king post trusses and Flemish brick bonding on the earlier portion of the front elevation.

Our thanks must go to all the owners of the buildings, who have been very generous in their hospitality, extending from cups of tea to primary and secondary history about their buildings, All the volunteers have greatly enjoyed the experience and feel valued for their considerable contribution, and our thanks must go to all of them, especially Vicky Hodge for her almost

patural observations and also Paul Smith for giving us constant debate and insight.

An unexpected wealth of information has arisen from the initial phase of the 'Lathom Park' survey, creating great anticipation for more discoveries in Newburgh and other peripheral areas. JQ

....word keeps spreading ATHENS TO LATHOM



Trust members, local volunteers and BTCV students were introduced to geophysical survey techniques when they worked alongside Greek archaeologist Helen Moissi, who had heard about the fantastic potential of the Dutton's Farm project from Ron Cowell of

Liverpool University. After living on site in a tiny caravan and working ten hours a day, Helen left with a wealth of material for the dissertation she is writing for her M.Sc in Archaeological Prospection at Bradford University.

Coming from Athens where remarkable artefacts abound, she was visibly impressed by the variety of the Lathom discoveries which span over 5,000 years.

'Geophysics are important because they can indicate where to investigate. Methods are non-intrusive and can save time and resources,' she says.

The students and volunteers assisted her with earth resistance surveys. They helped to set up a grid system and took measurements of earth resistance using instruments which probed the ground surface.

They found indications of what could be a prehistoric boundary near to where a Roman trackway has already been discovered, and another boundary near to where Romano-British and medieval pottery has been found.

Together we made it WITH FAN The resounding success of Lathom Park Trust's World Premiere of has created an explosion of interest from both the media and public success.

COLIN PILKINGTON - the man who was right

COLIN PILKINGTON, Author, Historian, Broadcaster and Teacher, passed away peacefully on the 21st of April after a short illness. Colin was a Trustee of the Lathom Park Trust and a founder member, his contribution to the historical knowledge of Lathom

He was perhaps best known for his book 'To play the man', the story of Lady Derby and the siege of Lathom House, 1643-1645. Published in 1991, his theory, particularly in relation to the siting of the original Lathom House, 'a nine towered and turreted palace-fortress' joined academic debate which had persisted for hundreds of years in trying to predict its exact location or whether indeed it was just the 'stuff of legends' and even existed at all.

Since the formation of the Trust he was able to learn and see at first hand that his long held beliefs were correct, when a team of Lathom Park Trust's archaeologists actually uncovered the foundations of the huge Medieval palace - fortress during recent excavations.

It was timely that one of Colin's rare public speaking appearances was at last

year's Lathorn Heritage Weekend when he eventually received the recognition that his insight and views deserved. For the many who were present at the Pilkingtons Conference Centre, it was a privilege to have witnessed his fascinating talk and presence.

Colin was born in Ormskirk and lived most of his adult life in Burscough. He taught at Ruffwood School, worked for the BBC, was a short story writer for many national publications, an expert quiz participant, appearing on BBC Mastermind and other TV quiz competitions as well as being keenly involved with the local guiz league fraternities.

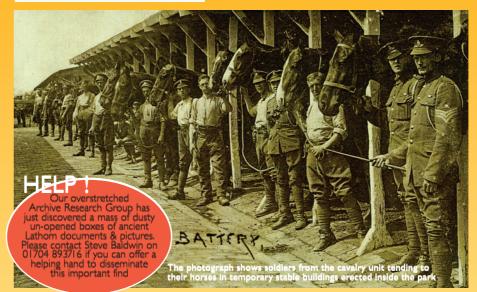
Colin's lasting legacy will possibly be his (at the time contentious) book 'To play the man'. Ironically, the recent archaeological discoveries, whilst proving Colin's long held beliefs, had also re-opened publishers interest in further books and posssibilities of a TV drama based on his writings. Colin Pilkington's Lathom theories proved right and will live forever. He will be greatly missed.

ARCHIVE RESEARCH GROUP PROJECT



& Ist WORLD WAR DISCOVERIES IN LATHOM

To play the man



The archive research group are currently undertaking a detailed documentary study of the putative medieval park boundaries in the township of Lathom. Information will be collected from a wide range of sources including primary and secondary archives, aerial photographs, old and modem maps and the Lancashire Sites and Monuments Record. The Eighteenth century Park was investigated by archaeologists in 1999, when over 300 sites of interest were identified relating to an area of over 400 acres.

The 2002-03 study will investigate an additional 2,000 acres both to the east and west of the 1720's park in an attempt to find evidence of former deer park boundaries. Medieval parks were essentially huntinggrounds and venison farms, enclosed with a substantial earthwork bank and ditch, which was surmounted by a fence of cleft oak stakes (the park pale), a hedge or stone wall. The second stage of the project will see trained volunteers go out into the field and adjacent villages to try to find traces of these massive banks and ditches, probably now levelled by modem agriculture.

The Trust feels that it is important to identify the original park boundary in order that any archaeological features and monuments contained within it can be given the appropriate statutory designations to protect them for future understanding and enjoyment. The whole of the Eighteenth century Park is now desig-

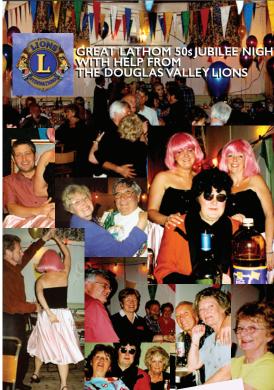
The Remount Depot: Soon after the 1914-18 war broke out the Third Earl of Lathom, through his trustees; offered his spacious park and Lathorn House to the Government for conversion into a remount depot. In a remarkably short time, through the agency of hundreds of workmen, stables and the necessary buildings



for the training of horses were erected. Horses came here to be trained for the army from all parts of the world, and when the Armistice was signed it was calculated that over a quarter of a million horses and mules had passed through the depot. The total complement of staff in 1919 was 27 officers and







Charity

Following sterling work by John Hinchliffe and Ailsa Bennett the Lathom Park Trust is now established as a Registered Charity.

The objects of the charity are to advance the education of the public in the history of Lathom Park primarily - but not exclusively, through:

Carrying out and supporting historical and archaeological research and surveys within the Lathom Park and the dissemination of the results of such research.

Promoting the historical and archaeological significance of Lathom Park and encouraging the identification, protection and preservation of significant sites.

Offering and supporting training for the general public in historical research.

Whilst the reference to Lathom Park may possibly imply limitions it must be emphasised that the Medieval Park boundaries extend far beyond Lathom as we know it today.

Our initial archive researches, building surveys and excavations already indicate huge areas of West Lancashire's surrounding villages falling within the 'Lathom Park' estates

The board of Lathom Park Trustees is made up of archaeologists, historians and lay people, all with a common fascination for Lathom's rich and yet mostly undiscovered heritage.

They are: Stephen Baldwin, Ailsa Bennett, David Dunn, Peter Ferguson, Mark Fletcher, John Hinchliffe, Robert Pendleton, Jamie Quartermaine, Kenneth Vincent

LOST DRAWINGS

continued from page one

As a mark of gratitude for the current good work of the Trust, Ms Gowans decided to donate to the Trust two original 19th century pen and ink drawings of the front and back of Lathom House, which had presumably been in her family since they were drawn.

The Trust is in turn most grateful to Ms Gowans, because not only do the drawings have such an interesting provenance; but they are remarkably detailed, showing hitherto unknown features of the building and the gar-

dens. The drawings are dated 1885 and signed G. Apps. A comprehensive search through the encyclopedia of 19th century British artists at Liverpool Central Library turned up no reference to the artist. However, an exhausting search through catalogues of art sales finally revealed that a painting by G.C. Apps, entitled 'Returning from church, Loose, Kent' had been sold at Bonhams in Chelsea in January 1995 for £800.

The Trust has decided to make a limited number of prints from the drawings and offer them for sale on a first come first served basis at the Heritage Open Day at Pilkington's Conference Centre on 14th September. This will be a good opportunity to see and purchase these unique images of the great Palladian mansion. All proceeds will go towards supporting the work of the Trust;

If anyone can throw more light on the subject we would be extremely grateful to hear from them.



